



Typhoid IgG/IgM Rapid Test Kit Instructions For Use

PRODUCT NAME

FRENOVO Typhoid IgG/IgM Rapid Test Kit

PACKAGE SPECIFICATION

20 tests/kit

INTENDED USE

FRENOVO Typhoid IgG/IgM Rapid Test is a lateral flow immunoassay for the qualitative detection and differentiation of anti-Salmonella typhi (S. typhi) and paratyphi IgG and IgM in human serum, plasma and whole blood specimens. It is intended to be used by healthcare professionals to aid in the diagnosis of infection with S. typhi and paratyphi.

SUMMARY AND PRINCIPLES OF THE PROCEDURE

Typhoid fever and paratyphi fever are bacterial infections caused by Salmonella typhi and paratyphi A, B, and C respectively, which are transmitted through the ingestion of tainted food and water. Worldwide an estimated 17 million cases and 600,000 associated deaths occur annually. Patients who are infected with HIV are at significantly increased risk of clinical infection. 1-5% of patients become chronic carriers harboring S. typhi in the gallbladder. The clinical diagnosis of infections depends on isolation of S. typhi and paratyphi from blood, bone marrow or a specific anatomic lesion. In facilities that can not afford to perform this complicated and time-consuming procedure, Widal test is used to facilitate diagnosis. However, many limitations lead to difficulties in the interpretation of the Widal test. In contrast, FRENOVO Typhoid IgG/IgM Rapid Test is a simple, fast laboratory test that simultaneously detects and differentiates IgG and IgM antibodies to S. typhi and paratyphi antigen thus aiding in the determination of current or previous exposure to S. typhi and paratyphi. IgM positive or IgG/IgG both positive suggest current infection, while IgG positive suggests late stage of infection, previous infection, or latent infection.

FRENOVO Typhoid IgG/IgM Rapid Test is a lateral flow chromatographic immunoassay. The test cassette consists of: 1) a colored conjugate pad containing recombinant H antigen and O antigen conjugated with colloidal gold (HO conjugates) and a control antibody conjugated with colloidal gold, 2) a nitrocellulose membrane strip containing two test lines (G and M lines) and a control line (C line). The M line is pre-coated with monoclonal anti-human IgM for the detection of anti-S. typhi and paratyphi IgM, G line is pre-coated with reagents for the detection of anti-S. typhi and paratyphi IgG, and the C line is pre-coated with a control line antibody. When an adequate volume of test specimen is dispensed into the sample well of the cassette, the test specimen migrates by capillary action across the test cassette. IgM antibodies if present in the patient specimen will bind to the HO conjugates. The immunocomplex is then captured on the membrane by the pre-coated anti-human IgM antibody, forming a colored M line, indicating an anti-S. typhi or paratyphi IgM positive test result. IgG antibodies if present in the patient specimen will bind to the HO conjugates. The immunocomplex is then captured by the pre-coated reagents on the membrane, forming a colored G line, indicating an anti-S. typhi or paratyphi IgG positive test result. Absence of any test lines (M and G) suggests a negative result. The test contains an internal control (C line) which should exhibit a colored line of the immunocomplex of the control antibodies regardless of the color development on any of the test lines. Otherwise, the test result is invalid and the specimen must be retested with another device.

MATERIALS PROVIDED

Each kit contains:

1. test cassettes: 20 pieces test cassettes individually pouched.
2. Wash Buffer Solution: 3.0 ml in dropper bottle.
3. Droppers: 20 pieces droppers of 10 ul.
4. Package insert: 1 piece attached.

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- Timer or stopwatch.
- Specimen collection containers
- Disposable gloves and/or protective clothing
- Centrifuge(for plasma only)
- Micro-pipette

WARNINGS

1. Read the package insert completely before using the product. The instructions must be followed carefully as not doing so may result in inaccurate results.
2. The kits for diagnostic use only.
3. Perform test at room temperature.

PRECAUTIONS

1. FRENOVO Typhoid IgG/IgM Rapid Test Kit is for professional use only.
2. The package insert instructions must be followed to ensure optimum test performance.
3. The kit is intended for *in vitro* diagnostic use.
4. As with all screening assays, any results should be considered presumptive until confirmatory assays have been performed according to local practice or WHO guidelines.

Safety Precautions

1. Standard precautions for handling infectious agents should be observed when using this kit.
2. Wear protective clothing such as lab coat, safety glasses and disposable gloves when handling specimens and assay reagents.
3. Wash hands thoroughly after use.
4. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

Bio safety Precautions

Appropriate bio safety practices should be used when handling specimens and reagents. These precautions include, but are not limited to the following:

1. Do not smoke, eat, drink, apply cosmetics or handle contact lenses in areas in which specimens are handled.
2. Dispose of all specimens, used devices and tubes as though they are capable of transmitting infection. The preferred methods of disposal are by autoclave at 121°C for a minimum of 60 minutes or by incineration. Disposable materials may be incinerated. Liquid waste may be mixed with appropriate chemical disinfectants. A solution of 10% bleach is recommended. Allow 60 minutes for effective decontamination. NOTE: Do not autoclave solutions containing bleach.
3. When disposing of solution, avoid contact with acid to prevent liberation of a toxic gas.
4. All spills should be wiped thoroughly using a suitable disinfectant such as a sodium hypochlorite solution.
5. Use a separate dropper and device for each specimen tested.

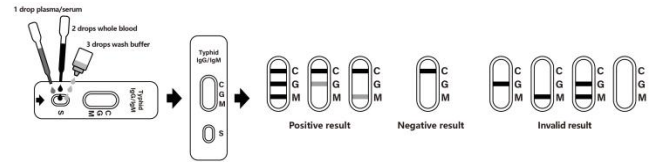
Handling Precautions

1. Do not use if the kit safety seal is absent, damaged or broken.
2. Do not use any device if the pouches have been perforated.
3. Each device is for single use only.
4. Do not mix wash buffer solution/test cassettes from different kit lots.
5. Do not use the kit past the expiration date (this date is printed on the kit box).
6. Adequate lighting is required to read the test results.
7. The result should be read immediately after the end of the 10 minutes incubation time following the addition of specimen and wash buffer solution. Do not read results beyond 15 minutes.

STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS

1. The kit should be stored between 2-30°C and the shelf life is 24 months.

- The kit components are stable until the expiration date printed on the outer label, when stored as directed. The kit expiry date is determined by whichever of the components has the shortest expiry date. The kit expiry date is not impacted once the wash buffer solution has been opened. Do not use kit components beyond overall kit expiry date.
- If stored refrigerated, ensure that the pouched device is brought to room temperature before opening.
- Do not freeze the kit.



SAMPLE COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

- Applicable samples: Whole Blood/Serum/Plasma.
- Separate serum or plasma from whole blood as soon as possible to avoid hemolysis. Use only clear nonhemolysis specimens.
- Testing should be performed immediately after the specimens have been collected as soon as possible. Do not leave the specimens at room temperature for prolonged periods.
- Serum and plasma specimens may be stored at 2-8 °C for up to 7 days, for long term storage, serum/plasma specimens should be kept below -20 °C. Whole blood collected by venipuncture should be stored at 2-8 °C if the test is to be run within 2 days of collection.
- Do not freeze whole blood specimens.
- Bring specimens to room temperature prior to testing. Frozen specimens must be completely thawed and mixed well prior to testing. Specimens should not be frozen and thawed repeatedly.
- If specimens are to be shipped, they should be packed in compliance with local regulations covering the transportation of etiological agents.
- EDTA K2, Heparin sodium, Citrate sodium and Potassium Oxalate can be used as the anticoagulant for collecting the specimen.

QUALITY CONTROL

An internal procedural control is included in the test. a colored line appearing in the control line region (C) is an internal valid procedural control, it confirming adequate membrane wicking. Control standards are not supplied with this kit; however, it is recommended that positive and negative controls be tested as a good laboratory practice to confirm the test procedure and to verify proper test performance.

TEST PROCEDURE

Allow the test cassette, specimen, buffer solution to equilibrate to room temperature (15-30°C) prior to testing.

- Remove the test cassette from the sealed pouch and use it within one hour. Place the test cassette on a clean and level surface.
- For Serum or Plasma Specimens
To use a dropper: Hold the dropper vertically, draw the specimen and transfer the specimen to the sample well of the test cassette (one drop/approximately 10ul), then squeeze the wash buffer solution bottle, add three drops wash buffer solution inside (approximately 90ul) to the sample well and start the timer. Avoid trapping air bubbles in the sample well.
To use a micro-pipette: Pipette and dispense 10ul of specimen to the sample well of the test cassette, then squeeze the wash buffer solution bottle, add three drops wash buffer solution inside (approximately 90ul) to the sample well and start the timer.
- For Whole Blood Specimens
To use a dropper: Hold the dropper vertically, draw the specimen and transfer the specimen to the sample well of the test cassette (two drops/approximately 20ul), then squeeze the wash buffer solution bottle, add three drops wash buffer solution inside (approximately 90ul) to the sample well and start the timer. Avoid trapping air bubbles in the sample well.
To use a micro-pipette: Pipette and dispense 20ul of specimen to the sample well of the test cassette, then squeeze the wash buffer solution bottle, add three drops wash buffer solution inside (approximately 90ul) to the sample well and start the timer.
- Wait for the colored line(s) to appear. The test result should be read at 10 minutes. Do not interpret the result after 15 minutes.

INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

IgG and IgM POSITIVE: Three lines appear. One colored line should be in the control line region(C), and two colored lines should appear in IgG test line region and IgM test line region. The color intensities of the lines do not have to match. the result is positive for IgG & IgM antibodies and is indicative of secondary Typhoid infection.

IgG POSITIVE: Two lines appear. One colored line should be in the control line region(C), and a colored line appears in IgG test line region. The result is positive for Typhoid specific-IgG and is probably indicative of secondary Typhoid infection.

IgM POSITIVE: Two lines appear. One colored line should be in the control line region (C), and a colored line appears in IgM test line region. The result is positive for Typhoid specific-IgM antibodies and is indicative of primary Typhoid infection.

NOTE: The intensity of the color in the IgG and/or IgM test line region(s) will vary depending on the concentration of Typhoid antibodies in the specimen. Therefore, any shade of color in the IgG and/or IgM test line region(s) should be considered positive

NEGATIVE: One colored line should be in the control line region (C). No line appears in IgG and IgM test line region(s)

INVALID: Control line fails to appear. Insufficient buffer volume or incorrect procedural techniques are the most likely reasons for control line failure. Review the procedure and repeat the procedure with a new test cassette. If the problem persists, discontinue using the test kit immediately and contact your local distributor.

LIMITATIONS

- The kit is for in vitro diagnostic use only. The test should be used for the detection of Typhoid IgG/IgM antibodies in serum, plasma or whole blood specimens only.
- A negative test result cannot exclude a recent infection. A positive result may not indicate previous Typhoid infection. Consider other information including clinical history and local disease prevalence, in assessing the need for a second but different serology test to confirm an immune response.
- Infection may progress rapidly. If the symptom persists, while the result from FRENOVO Typhoid IgG/IgM Rapid Testis negative or non-reactive result, it is recommended to test with an alternative test method, such as bacterial culture method.
- Results from this test should not be used to diagnose or to exclude acute Typhoid infection or to inform infection status.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Sensitivity and Specificity

Clinical study was performed to compare the results obtained by The kit and PCR. The results indicated that The kit has a high sensitivity and specificity as summarized below:

Typhoid IgM Study	Results	PCR	
		IgM Positive	IgM Negative
Typhoid IgM Rapid	IgM Positive	58	3
	IgM Negative	5	298
Total Results		63	301

Typhoid IgM Study Summary Results:

Clinical sensitivity =92.06% (95%CI*82.44%~97.37%)

Clinical specificity = 99.00% (95%CI*97.12%~99.79%)

Accuracy=97.80% (95%CI*95.72%~99.05%)

Typhoid IgG Study	Results	PCR	
		IgG Positive	IgG Negative
Typhoid IgG Rapid	IgG Positive	72	2
	IgG Negative	6	299
Total Results		78	301

Typhoid IgG Study Summary Results:

Clinical sensitivity =92.31% (95%CI*84.01%~97.12%)

Clinical specificity = 99.34% (95%CI*97.62%~99.92%)

Accuracy=97.89% (95%CI*95.88%~99.08%)

Interference Substances

The following potential interfering substances have been tested using The kit and no interference was observed :















Substance	Tested Concentration
HAMA	positive sample
Rheumatoid factor	100 IU/mL
Antinuclear antibody (ANA)	103.748 IU/mL
Anti-mitochondrial antibody(AMA)	80 U/mL
Bilirubin	0.3 mg/mL
Hemoglobin	8 mg/mL
Triglycerides	5mg/mL
α -interferon	2 ng/mL
Zanamivir	142 ng/mL
Ritonavir	53 μ g/mL
Tramadol	12 μ g/mL
Azithromycin	4 μ g/mL
Azithromycin	156 μ g/mL
Meropenem	10 mg/mL
Levofloxacin	2 mg/mL

Cross Reaction

Cross-reactivity of The kit was evaluated using serum samples containing antibodies to other pathogens., which has no effect on the negative and positive test results, and there is no cross-reaction.

IgM potential cross-reactant	IgG potential cross-reactant
Influenza A virus (H1N1, H3N2)	Influenza A virus (H1N1, H3N2)
Influenza B virus (Yamagata IgM,Victoria IgM)	Influenza B virus (Yamagata IgG, Victoria IgG)
Endemic human coronavirus (OC43, 229E)	Endemic human coronavirus (OC43, 229E)
CMV IgM	CMV IgG
Rubella IgM	Rubella IgG
Toxo IgM	Toxo IgG
HSV IgM	HSV IgG
Coxsackie virus group B IgM	Coxsackie virus group B IgG
Epstein-Barr virus IgM	Epstein-Barr virus IgG
Enterovirus 71 IgM	Enterovirus 71 IgG
Coxsackie virus type A16 IgM	Coxsackie virus type A16 IgG
Varicella zoster virus IgM	Varicella zoster virus IgG
Mumps Virus IgM	Mumps Virus IgG
Respiratory syncytial virus IgM	Respiratory syncytial virus IgG
Adenovirus IgM	Adenovirus IgG
Chlamydia pneumoniae IgM	Chlamydia pneumoniae IgG
Mycoplasma pneumoniae IgM	Mycoplasma pneumoniae IgG
Measles virus IgM	Measles virus IgG

INDEX OF SYBOML

	In vitro diagnostic medical device		single-use,Please don't reuse it
	Use-by date		Consult instructions for use
	Cautions		Manufacturer
	Temperature limit		Batch code
	Date of manufacture		Keep Dry
	Avoid overexposure to the sun		Don't use the product when the package is damaged
	CE mark		Biological risks



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INSTRUCTION APPROVAL AND REVISION DATE

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Date of Issue: