



Cocaine Rapid Test Kit

PRODUCT NAME

Cocaine Rapid Test Kit

PACKAGE SPECIFICATION

20 tests/kit

INTENDED USE

The kit is a lateral flow, qualitative immunoassay. It is intended for qualitative detection of benzoylecgonine, a cocaine metabolite with a minimum detection concentration of 300 ng/ml in human urine samples, and for the preliminary screening detection of benzoylecgonine.

SUMMARY AND PRINCIPLES OF THE PROCEDURE

Cocaine is a powerful central nervous stimulant and local anesthetic, usually inhaled by nasal inhalation, intravenous injection or smoking. Small dose use can stimulate the cerebral cortex and produce euphoria. When the dosage increases, the heart rhythm will increase rapidly and the breath is fast. Vomiting, tremor, spasm, convulsion and other phenomena can occur. Finally, the stimulation will be turned into inhibition, and respiratory inhibition, heart failure and even death will occur. Most of cocaine is metabolized by hydrolysis of liver in human body. The main metabolite excreted by urine is benzoylecgonine (formula: C16H19NO4), which is about 29% - 54%. Its half-life is long, about 5-8 hours. It is generally detected in urine within 4 hours of cocaine use. The similar structures include econine, coca ethylene cocaethyene, etc. If further confirmation and evaluation are needed, the samples shall be tested with higher sensitivity and specificity. For example: gas chromatography / mass spectrometry (gc/ms), high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC), etc.

The kit uses the highly specific antibody&antigen reaction principle, as well as immunochromatography and colloidal gold labeling technology.

The kit contains benzoylecgonine antigen and benzoylecgonine antibody labeled with colloidal gold, which is fixed in the test area (T) on the membrane. When the urine sample was dropped into the sample well, the urine sample was then chromatography upward under capillary effect. If the concentration of benzoylecgonine in urine is lower than 300ng/ml, the colloidal gold antibody can not be combined with all benzoylecgonine. In this way, the colloidal gold antibody binding will be bound by benzoylecgonine antigen fixed on the membrane during the chromatography, and a purple red band will appear in the test area (T). If the concentration of benzoylecgonine in urine is higher than 300ng/ml, the colloidal gold antibody is bound to benzoylecgonine, so that (T) in the test area (T) there is no purple red band because the competitive reaction does not bind to benzoylecgonine antigen. Whether benzoylecgonine is present in urine, a purple red strip will appear in the quality control area (c). The purple red band in the quality control area (c) is the standard to determine whether there is enough urine sample, whether the chromatography process is normal, and also as the internal control standard of tests

MATERIALS PROVIDED

Each kit contains:

- Test Devices: 20 pieces test devices individually pouched.
- Droppers: 20 pieces droppers of 25 ul
- Package insert: 1 piece attached.

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- Timer or stopwatch
- Specimen collection containers
- Disposable gloves and/or protective clothing
- Micropipette

WARNINGS

- Read the package insert completely before using the product. The instructions must be followed carefully as not doing so may result in inaccurate results.
- The kit is for diagnostic use only.
- Perform test at room temperature.

PRECAUTIONS

- The kit is for professional use only
- The package insert instructions must be followed to ensure optimum test
- All specimens should be considered potentially hazardous and handled in the same manner as an infectious agent.
- The used test device should be discarded according to local regulations.

- 1. Do not use if the kit box safety seal is absent, damaged or broken.
- Do not use any device if the pouches have been perforated.
- Each device is for single use only.
- Do not mix wash buffer solution/test devices from different kit lots.

 Do not use the kit past the expiration date (this date is printed on the kit box).
- Adequate lighting is required to read the test results.

 The result should be read immediately after the end of the 5 minutes incubation time following the addition of specimen and wash buffer solution. Do not read results beyond 10 minutes.

STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS

- The kit should be stored between 2-30°C and the shelf life is 24 months.
- The Kit components are stable until the expiration date printed on the outer label, when stored as directed. The kit expiry date is determined by whichever of the components has the shortest expiry date. The kit expiry date is not impacted once the wash buffer solution has been opened. Do not use kit components beyond overall kit expiry date.
- If stored refrigerated, ensure that the pouched device is brought to room temperature before opening.
- Do not freeze the kit.

SAMPLE COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

The urine specimen must be collected in a clean and dry container. Urine collected at any time of the day may be used. Urine specimens exhibiting visible precipitates should be centrifuged, filtered, or allowed to settle to obtain a clear supernatant for testing. Urine specimens may be stored at 2-8°C for up to 48 hours prior to testing. For prolonged storage, specimens may be frozen and stored below -20 °C. Frozen specimens should be thawed and mixed well before testing.

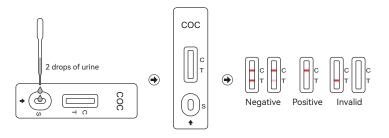
QUALITY CONTROL

An internal procedural control is included in the test. a colored line appearing in the control line region (C) is an internal valid procedural control, it confirming adequate membrane wicking. Control standards are not supplied with this kit; however,it is recommended that positive and negative controls be tested as a good laboratory practice to confirm the test procedure and to verify proper test performance

TEST PROCEDURE

Allow the test, urine specimen, and/or controls to reach room temperature (15-30°C) prior to testing.

- Bring the pouch to room temperature before opening it. Remove the test device from the sealed pouch and use it as soon as possible.
- Place the test device on a clean and level surface. Hold the dropper vertically and transfer 2 full drops of urine (approx.50µL) to the specimen well (S) of the test device, and then start the timer. Avoid trapping air bubbles in the specimen well (S). See the illustration below.
- Wait for the colored line(s) to appear. Read results at 5 minutes. Do not interpret the result after 10 minutes.



INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

(Please refer to the illustration above)

NEGATIVE:* Two lines appear. One colored line should be in the control line region (C), and another apparent colored line should be in the test line region (T). This negative result indicates that the drug concentration is below the detectable level.

*NOTE: The shade of color in the test line region (T) will vary, but it should always be considered as negative whenever there is even a faint colored line.

POSITIVE: One colored line appears in the control line region (C). No line appears in the test line region (T). This positive result indicates that the drug concentration exceeds the detectable level.

INVALID: Control line fails to appear. Insufficient specimen volume or incorrect procedural techniques are the most likely reasons for control line failure. Review the procedure and repeat the test using a new cassette. If the problem persists, discontinue using the lot immediately and contact your local distributor.

LIMITATIONS

- The kit provides only a qualitative, preliminary analytical result. A secondary analytical method must be used to obtain a confirmed result. Gas chromatography/mass spectrometry (GC/MS) is the preferred confirmatory method.
- There is a possibility that technical or procedural errors, as well as other interfering substances in the urine specimen may cause erroneous results.

- 3. Adulterants, such as bleach and/or alum, in urine specimens may produce erroneous results regardless of the analytical method used. If adulteration is suspected, the test should be repeated with another urine specimen.
- A positive result does not indicate level or intoxication, administration route or concentration in urine.
- A negative result may not necessarily indicate drug-free urine. Negative results can be obtained when drug is present but below the cut-off level of the test.
- The test does not distinguish between drugs of abuse and certain medications.
- A positive result may be obtained from certain foods or food supplements.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Positive cutoff reference range

According to the requirements of American drug abuse and mental health service administration (SAMHSA) for the cutoff value of cocaine in urine, the detection threshold of benzoylecgonine is set at 300ng / ml.

Sensitivity and Specificity

Accuracy

A clinical study was conducted using FRENOVO Cocaine Rapid Test (Urine)and GC/MS. Testing was performed on 150 pieces COC positive urine specimens and 150 pieces COC negative urine specimens previously collected and confirmed by GC/MS. The results indicated that FRENOVO Cocaine Rapid Test (Urine)has a high sensitivity and specificity as summarized below:

	Clinical	study	GC/MS		Total Results
Cocaine	FRENOVO	Results	Positive	Negative	Total Results
	Cocaine	Positive	144	0	144
	rapid test	Negative	6	150	156
Г	Total Results		150	150	300

Accuracy Results:

Clinical sensitivity = 96.00 % (95%CI* 91.50 % to 98.52 %) Clinical specificity > 99.00 % (95%CI* 98.02 % to 100.0%) Accuracy= 98.00 % (95%CI* 95.70 % to 99.26 %)

Analytical Sensitivity

A piece of drug-free urine was spiked with drugs to the concentrations at ± 50% cut-off and ± 25% cut-off. Each titer was repeated 30 pieces of test. The results are summarized below.

Drug Conc.	COC300		
(Cut-off range)	POS/+	NEG/-	
0% Cut-off	0	30	
-50% Cut-off	0	30	
-25% Cut-off	0	30	
Cut-off	21	9	
+25% Cut-off	23	7	
+50% Cut-off	30	0	

Analytical Specificity

The following table lists the concentration of compounds (ng/mL) that are detected positive in urine by The kitat 5 minutes.

Compounds	Conc. ng/ml
Benzoylecgonine	300
Cocaine	782
Cocaethylene	12500
Ecgonine	3200

Cross-Reactivity

A study was conducted to determine the cross-reactivity of the test with compounds in either drug-free urine or Cocaine positive urine. The following compounds show no cross-reactivity when tested with The kitat a concentration of 100 μ g/mL.

Non Cross-Reacting Compounds		
4-Acetamidophenol Ethyl alcohol		Orphenadrine
Acetone	Ethyl-p-aminobenzoate	Oxalic acid
Acetophenetidin	Etodolac	Oxolinic acid
Acetylsalicylic acid	Famprofazone	Oxymetazoline
Albumin	Fenoprofen	Papaverine
alpha-Naphthaleneacetic Acid	Fluoxetine	Pemoline
Aminopyrine	Furosemide	Penicillin
Amoxapine	Gentisic acid	Pentazocine
Amoxicillin	d-Glucose	Phenelzine
Ampicillin	Guaiacol Glyceryl Ether	Pheniramine
Apomorphine	Hemoglobin	Phenothiazine
Ascorbic acid	Hydralazine	Prednisolone
Aspartame	Hydrochlorothiazide	Prednisone
Atropine	Hydrocortisone	d,I-Propanolol
Benzilic acid	o-Hydroxyhippuric acid	Quinacrine
Benzoic acid	3-Hydroxytyramine	Quinidine
Benzydamine	Ibuprofen	Quinine
Brompheniramine	Iproniazid	R(-) Deprenyl
Caffeine	Isoproterenol	Riboflavin
Cannabidiol	Isoxsuprine	Salicylic acid
Chloral Hydrate	Kanamycin	Serotonin
Chloramphenicol	Ketoprofen	Seroquel

Chloroquine	Labetalol	Sertraline
Chlorothiazide	Lidocaine	Sodium Chloride
Chlorpromazine	Lindane	Sulfamethazine
Chlorprothixene	Lithium	Sulindac
Cholesterol	Loperamide	Tetracycline
Cimetidine	I-Thyroxine	Tetrahydrocortison-3-acetate
Clonidine	Meperidine	Tetrahydrozoline
Cortisone	Meprobamate	Theophylline
Creatinine	Methaqualone	Thiamine
Deoxycorticosterone	Methoxyphenamine	Thioridazine
Dextromethorphan	Methylphenidate	Tolbutamide
Diclofenac	Metoprolol	Trans-2- phenylcyclopropylamine
Dicyclomine	N-Acetylprocainamide	Trazodone
Diflunisal	Nalidixic acid	Triamterene
Digoxin	Nalorphine	Trifluoperazine
4-Dimethylaminoantipyrine	Naproxen	Trimethoprim
Diphenhydramine	Niacinamide	d,l-Tryptophan
5,5-Diphenylhydantoin	Nifedipine	d,I-Tyrosine
EMDP	Nimesulide	Uric acid
Erythromycin	Norethindrone	Verapamil
β-Estradiol	Noscapine	Zomepirac
Estrone-3-sulfate	d,l-Octopamine	

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IVD	In vitro diagnostic medical device	2	single-use, Please don't reuse it
	Use-by date	ì	Consult instructions for use
\triangle	Cautions	**	Manufacturer
2°C30°C	Temperature limit	LOT	Batch code
~~ <u></u>	Date of manufacture		Keep Dry
*	Avoid overexposure to the sun	(Section 2)	Don't use the product when the package is damaged
(€	CE mark	\$	Biological risks



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INSTRUCTION APPROVAL AND REVISION DATE

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